Appendix 6. Excluded studies after contacting researchers.

n	Reference	Study name	Reason for exclusion
1	Graff-Iversen S, Selmer R, Sørensen M, Skurtveit S. Occupational physical activity, overweight,		
	and mortality: a follow-up study of 47,405 Norwegian women and men. Res Q Exerc Sport,	-	Could not or did not want
	2007; 78(3):151-161.		to collaborate
2	Harari G, Green MS, Zelber-Sagi S. Combined association of occupational and leisure-time		
	physical activity with all-cause and coronary heart disease mortality among a cohort of men	CORDIS study	Could not or did not want
	followed-up for 22 years. Occup Environ Med, 2015; 72(9):617-624.		to collaborate
3	Etemadi A, Abnet CC, Kamangar F, Islami F, Khademi H, Pourshams A, Poustchi H, Bagheri M,		
	Sohrabpour AA, Aliasgar A, Khoshnia M, Wacholder S, Matthews CC, Pharoah PD, Brennan P,		
	Boffetta P, Malekzadeh R, Dawsey SM. Impact of body size and physical activity during	Golestan Cohort Study	
	adolescence and adult life on overall and cause-specific mortality in a large cohort study from		Could not or did not want
	Iran. Eur J Epidemiol, 2014; 29(2):95-109.		to collaborate
4	Lissner L, Bengtsson C, Björkelund C, Wedel H. Physical activity levels and changes in relation	Gothenburg Prospective Study of	Could not or did not want
	to longevity. A prospective study of Swedish women. Am J Epidemiol, 1996; 143(1):54-62.	Women	to collaborate
5	Padyab M, Blomstedt Y, Norberg M. No association found between cardiovascular mortality,		
	and job demands and decision latitude: experience from the Västerbotten Intervention	Linnaeus database	Could not or did not want
	Programme in Sweden. Soc Sci Med, 2014; 117:58-66.		to collaborate
6	Lear SA, Hu W, Rangarajan S, Gasevic D, Leong D, Iqbal R, Casanova A, Swaminathan S, Anjana		
	RM, Kumar R, Rosengren A, Wei L, Yang W, Chuangshi W, Huaxing L, Nair S, Diaz R, Swidon H,	Prospective Urban Rural	
	Gupta R, Mohammadifard N, Lopez-Jaramillo P, Oguz A Zatonska K, Seron P, Avezum A, Poirier	Epidemiologic (PURE) study with	
	P, Teo K, Yusuf S. The effect of physical activity on mortality and cardiovascular disease in	pooled data from 17 countries.	
	130 000 people from 17 high-income, middle-income, and low-income countries: the PURE	poolea aata	Could not or did not want
	study. Lancet, 2017; 390(10113):2643-2654.		to collaborate
7	Kikuchi H, Inoue S, Odagiri Y, Inoue M, Sawada N, Tsugane S. Occupational sitting time and risk	Japan Public Health Centre-based	
	of all-cause mortality among Japanese workers. Scand J Work Environ Health, 2015; 41(6):519-	prospective study (JPHC study)	Could not or did not want
	528.	,, , , , , , , ,	to collaborate
8	Dorn JP, Cerny FJ, Epstein LH, Naughton J, Vena JE, Winkelstein W, Schisterman E, Trevisan M.		
	Work and leisure time physical activity and mortality in men and women from a general	The Buffalo Blood Pressure Study	Could not or did not want
_	population sample. Ann Epidemiol, 1999; 9(6):366-373		to collaborate
9	Hall C, Heck JE, Sandler DP, Ritz B, Chen H, Krause N. Occupational and leisure-time physical		
	activity differentially predict 6-year incidence of stroke and transient ischemic attack in		Could not or did not want
	women. Scand J Work Environ Health. 2019; 45(3):267-279.	US sister study	to collaborate
10	Holtermann A, Burr H, Hansen JV, Krause N, Søgaard K, Mortensen OS. Occupational physical	Danish Work Environment Cohort Study	
	activity and mortality among Danish workers. Int Arch Occup Environ Health, 2012; 85(3):305-		Were not able to share individual participant data,
	310.		

Besson H, Ekelund U, Brage S, Luben R, Bingham S, Khaw KT, Wareham NJ. Relationship between subdomains of total physical activity and mortality. Med Sci Sports Server, 2008; and 11/1909-1915.   Buropean Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC) study where not able to share individual participant data, 40(11)/1909-1915.   Buropean Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC) study where not able to share individual participant data, 40(11)/1909-1915.   Buropean Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC) study where not able to share individual participant data, 40(11)/1909-1915.   Buropean Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC) study where not able to share individual participant data, 40(11)/1909-1915.   Buropean Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC) study where not able to share individual participant data, 40(11)/1909-1915.   Buropean Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC) study where not able to share individual participant data, 40(11)/1909-1915.   Buropean Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC) study where not able to share individual participant data, 40(11)/1909-1915.   Buropean Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC) study where not able to share individual participant data, 40(11)/1909-1915.   Buropean Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC) study in Cancer (EPIC) study in a decident physical activity in Program Prospective Investigation into Cancer (EPIC) study in Reducing Cancer (EPIC) study and prostate cancer mortality in Puerto Rico Heart Study while for available and a search of the Physical activity in Puerto Rico Heart Health Survey (Sci Cancer (EPIC) study available and a search experimental participant data, 40(11)/1909-1915.   Buropean Prospective Investigation Program Program Progr				
BB. Greater physical activity and higher androgen concentrations are independently associated with lower cardiometabolic risk in men. Clin Endocrinol, 2017, 87(5):466-474.  Emberson JR, Whincup PH, Morris RW, Walker M. Social class differences in coronary heart disease in middle-aged British men: implications for prevention. Int J Epidemiol. 2004; 33(2): 289-296  Crespo CJ, Garcia-Palmieri MR, Smit E, Lee IM, McGee D, Muti P, Figueroa Valle NR, Ramierez-Marrero FA, Freudenheim JL, Sorlie P, Physical activity and prostate cancer mortality in Puerto Rica men. J Phys Act Health 2008; 5(6):918-929  Hu GC, Chien KL, Hsieh SF, Chen CY, Tsai WH, Su TC. Occupational Versus Leisure-Time Physical Activity in Reducing Cardiovascular Risks and Mortality Among Ethnic Chinese Adults in Taiwan. Asia Pac J Public Health, 2014; 26(6): 604-613.  Stamatakis E, Chau JY, Pedisic Z, Bauman A, Macniven R, Coombs N, Hamer M. Are sitting occupations associated with increased all-cause, cancer, and cardiovascular disease mortality risk? A pooled analysis of seven British population cohorts. PLoS One, 2013, 8(9):e73753.  Hu G, Eriksson J, Barengo NC, Lakka TA, Valle TT, Nissinen A, Jousilathi P, Tuomilehto J. Occupational, commuting, and leisure-time physical activity in relation to total and cardiovascular mortality among Finnish subjects with type 2 diabetes. Circulation, 2004; 110(6):666-673.  Salonen JT, Slater JS, Tuomilehto J, Rauramaa R. Leisure time and occupational physical activity: risk of death from ischemic heart disease. Am J Epidemiol, 1988; 127(1):87-94.  Johnson JV, Stewart W, Hall EM, Fredlund P, Theorell T. Long-term psychosocial work environment and cardiovascular mortality among Swedish men. Am J Public Health, 1996; 86(3): 324-331.  Johnson JV, Stewart W, Hall EM, Fredlund P, Theorell T. Long-term psychosocial work environment and cardiovascular mortality among Swedish men. Am J Public Health, 1996; 86(3): 324-331.  Johnson JV, Stewart W, Hall EM, Fredlund P, Theorell T. Long-term psychosocial work women in Gothenbu		between subdomains of total physical activity and mortality. Med Sci Sports Exerc, 2008; 40(11):1909-1915.		analysis remotely Were not able to share individual participant data,
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mortality of males ≥ 50 years in Poland – The results of follow-up of participants of national

Supplemental material

23	multicentre health survey Wobasz. Int J Occup Med Environ Health, 2016;29(4): 633–648 Hayashi R, Iso H, Cui R, Tamakoshi A, JACC Study Group. Occupational physical activity in relation to risk of cardiovascular mortality: The Japan Collaborative Cohort Study for Evaluation for Cancer Risk (JACC Study). Prev Med, 2016; 89:286-291. Hrafnkelsdóttir SM, Torfadóttir JE, Aspelund T, Magnusson KT, Tryggvadóttir L, Gudnason V,	The Japan Collaborative Cohort Study for Evaluation for Cancer Risk (JACC Study)	Responsible researcher(s) could not be reached
	Mucci LA, Stampfer M, Valdimarsdóttir UA. Physical Activity from Early Adulthood and Risk of Prostate Cancer: A 24-Year Follow-Up Study among Icelandic Men. Cancer Prev Res, 2015; 8(10):905-911.	Reykjavik Study	Responsible researcher(s) could not be reached
25	Rahman I, Bellavia A, Wolk A. Relationship between physical activity and heart failure risk in women. Circ Heart Fail, 2014; 7(6):877-881.	the Swedish Mammography Cohort	Responsible researcher(s) could not be reached
26 27	Turi BC, Codogno JS, Fernandes RA, Sui X, Lavie CJ, Blair SN, Monteiro HL. Association of Different Physical Activity Domains on All-Cause Mortality in Adults Participating in Primary Care in the Brazilian National Health System: 4-Year Follow-up. J Phys Act Health, 2017; 14(1):45-51.  Kim Y, Wilkens LR, Park SY, Goodman MT, Monroe KR, Kolonel LN. Association between	-	Responsible researcher(s) could not be reached
21	various sedentary behaviours and all-cause, cardiovascular disease and cancer mortality: the	Multiethnic Cohort Study	Responsible researcher(s)
20	Multiethnic Cohort Study. Int J Epidemiol, 2013; 42(4):1040-1056.	TI 0 I 1 10 I 11 10	could not be reached
28	Orsini N, Bellocco R, Bottai M, Pagano M, Michaelsson K, Wolk A. Combined effects of obesity and physical activity in predicting mortality among men. J Intern Med, 2008; 264(5):442-451	The Cohort of Swedish Men (COSM)	Responsible researcher(s) could not be reached
29	Yu S, Yarnell JW, Sweetnam PM, Murray L; Caerphilly study. What level of physical activity protects against premature cardiovascular death? The Caerphilly study. Heart, 2003; 89(5):502-506.  Holme I, Helgeland A, Hjermann I, Leren P, Lund-Larsen PG. Physical activity at work and at	Caerphilly collaborative heart disease study	Responsible researcher(s) retired or passed away
30	leisure in relation to coronary risk factors and social class. A 4-year mortality follow-up. The Oslo study. Acta Med Scand, 1981; 209(4):277-283.	Oslo study	Responsible researcher(s) retired or passed away
31	Stender M, Hense HW, Doring A, Keil U. Physical Activity at Work and cardiovascular disease risk: results from the MONICA Augsburg Study. Int J Epidemiol, 1993; 22(4): 644-650	MONICA Augsburg study	Duplicate study
32	Padyab M, Blomstedt Y, Norberg M. No association found between cardiovascular mortality,	Longitudinal integration database	
	and job demands and decision latitude: experience from the Vasterbotten Intervention Programme in Sweden. Soc Sci Med, 2014; 117:58-66	for health insurance and labor market studies (LISA)	Duplicate study